POISONKEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

OzCrop

Dicamba 500 SL

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L DICAMBA present as the DIMETHYLAMINE SALT

GROUP



HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in winter cereals, pastures, conservation tillage, sugar cane, turf, rice, and non-crop areas as per Directions for Use.

CONTENTS:

5L, 10L, 20L

NOT A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO THE AUSTRALIAN DANGEROUS GOODS (ADG) CODE.

BATCH NO.

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Restraint:

DO NOT spray when rain seems likely to occur within 4 hours.

DO NOT spray when weeds are wet with dew or rain or under stress from drought, low soil fertility, extreme cold or waterlogging.

DO NOT spray outside recommended crop growth as crop damage may result.

DO NOT apply to crops or pastures with clover, lucerne or medics.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye from 5 leaf to early tillering (Zadoks 15-22)	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Seeding Docks, Tares, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Soldier Thistle, Mustards, Wild radish, Capeweed, Common Ice-Plant, Charlock, Ward's Weed, Vetch, Turnip Weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	All States	160 mL plus 700 mL of MCPA 500 g/L	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are in the 2 to 4 leaf stage in some instances, suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed) and Capeweed will occur.
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye from 5 leaf early tillering stage until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed, Vetch, Variegated Thistle, Tares, Sunflower, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Clover,	SA only WA only	280 mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage. When weeds do not form a rosette, spray when they have not more than 8 true leave, in some instances,
(Zadoks 15, 21-30)	Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks New Zealand Spinach, Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Clover, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks, Fat Hen, Variegated Thistle, Scotch (Cotton or Woolly), Thistle, Sunflowers, Vetch, Tree Hogweed	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic only		suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed) and Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed) will occur.
	Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Radish, Mustards, Tares, Charlock, Capeweed, Sorrel, Saffron Thistle, Chickweed, Clover, Common Ice- Plant, Hoary Cress, Ward's Weed, Turnip Weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	SA only	280 mL plus 1 L of MCPA 500 g/L or 560 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	DO NOT use OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide plus 2,4-D in oats in SA. If any of these weeds are found in these cereal crops as well as the above weeds, the addition of MCPA or 2,4-D Amine is
	Common Ice-Plant	WA only	320 mL plus 640 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	essential. Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage. In some instances,
	Chickweed, Sorrel, Wireweed	WA only	400 mL or 280 mL plus 640 mL of 2,4- D Amine 625 g/L or 280 mL plus 1.2 L of MCPA 500 g/L	suppression only of Wireweed (Hogweed), Hoary Cress and Capeweed will occur. A mixture with 2,4-D Amine must not be used in Tasmania.
	Mintweed Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Radish, Mustards, Tares, Charlock, Capeweed, Sorrel, Saffron Thistle, Chickweed, Turnip Weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	Qld, NSW, ACT only Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas only	280 mL plus 1.2 L of MCPA 500 g/L or 280 mL plus 560 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye. From early tillering (4 to 5 fully emerged main stem leaves, plus one or more tiller) until the fully tillered stage and before the start of jointing (Zadoks 21-30)	Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Deadnettle, Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Turnip Weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)	Qld, NSW, ACT only	200-280 mL plus 5-7 g Metsulfuron Methyl	Spray when weeds have no more than 8 true leaves. Use higher rate on target weeds. Tank mixes of OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide and Metsulfuron Methyl may result in reduced control of Wireweed in some situations.
Barley, Triticale, Commercial Rye from 5 leaf until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs (Zadoks 21-30)	Volunteer Peas	SA only	60 mL plus 1 L Dicamba/MCPA	Apply when most peas are 5-7 cm high.
Wheat, Oats from 5 leaf until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs (Zadoks 15-30)	Volunteer Peas	SA only	120 mL plus 1 L Dicamba/MCPA	Apply when most peas are 5-7 cm high.
Rice Pre-sowing Post sowing either before permanent water or until rice is at the mid-tillering stage	Docks	NSW, ACT, NT only	400 mL (seedling docks) 560 mL (mature docks)	Pre-sowing: Apply before the end of August and do not cultivate or graze for 14 days after spraying. Post-sowing: Preferably apply before the application of permanent water. If permanent water has been applied OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide can be applied up to the mid-tillering stage, provided the docks are exposed. Use 100 L/ha for boom application.



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CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pinus radiata plantations At least 10 months prior to planting pines	Sorrel (in pastures to be planted to pines)	All States	1.1 L or 560 mL plus 1 L of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	Apply in September/October period before the sorrel flowers. Add surfactant or another non-ionic wetting agent to the mixture at label rate.
	Naturally regenerated pines	NSW, Vic, SA only	2-8 L	Use the high rate where total control is essential. Apply in spring. Add surfactant or another non-ionic wetting agent to the mixture at label rate.
Sugarcane Post emergence	Bathurst Burr, Bellvine, Blackberry Nightshade, Calopo, Caltrop, Cleome, Cobbler's Pegs, Common Sow Thistle, Convovulus, Fat Hen, Green Amaranth, Khaki Weed, Noogoora Burr, Parthenium Weed, Perennial Gooseberry, Pigweed, Pink Burr, Redroot Amaranth, Sensitive Plant, Sidaretusa, Tar Vine, Thickhead, Thornpple	NT only	560 mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are in the young rosette stage or when they have not more than 8 leaves. Method of Application: By boom spray as an overall directed spray applying 100 to 250 L water per ha or by aircraft applying 45 L per ha.
	Amaranthus, Black (Giant) Pigweed, Caltrop, Mintweed, Noogoora Burr, Pigweed, Thornapple (Datura)	Qld, NSW, ACT, NT only	280 mL plus 1.8 L Atrazine 500 g/L or 320 mL plus 1.5 L Atrazine 500 g/L	Apply when weeds have 3 to 5 true leaves. DO NOT apply in hot, dry conditions. Apply by boom spray as an overall spray applying 50 to 250 L water per ha. Use the higher rate of OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide where Caltrop is present.
Potatoes	Clover, Docks, Wireweed (Hogweed), Thistles, Chickweed, Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Black Nightshade, Fat Hen	Tas only	500 mL-1.2 L	Apply after haulm senescence in sufficient water to give even coverage. May be mixed with Amitrole or 2,4-D to improve spectrum of weeds controlled. Refer to respective labels of these herbicides for application rates. Add suitable surfactant for improved coverage. Note: DO NOT apply when potato haulms are still green.

							are still green.
SITUATION	WEEDS	CONTROLLED	STATE		RATE/ha		CRITICAL COMMENTS
				Per ha	High vol per 100 L	knapsack	
Grasses Pastures and Perennial Grass Seed Crops	Thistle, Thistle,	(Woolly or True Scotch) Variegated Thistle, Star Black or Spear Thistle, llyrian	All States	280 mL - 560 mL for seedlings	40 mL for seedlings	10 mL for seedlings	When applying by boom spray use 110 to 280 L of mixture per ha. Add surfactant to the mixture at label rate.
	Jack, S Smart-1 Scent (Caltrop Rumex	Doublegee (Threecornered piny Emex), Parthenium Weed, Weed (Water Pepper), Hexham Melilotus), Stemless Thistle, (Yellow Vine), Horehound and spp. including Curled and af Docks		560 mL - 1.1 L for young mature plants	young mature	18 mL for young mature plants	
		on Ice-Plant, Hoary Cress, and Saffron Thistle		280 mL plus 800 mL of 2,4-D Amine 500 g/L	20 mL plus 60 mL of 2,4-D Amine 500 g/L	6 mL plus 12 mL of 2,4-D Amine 500 g/L	
Non-crop situations	Ragwee Cherry, ragwee	Ragweed, Blue Heliotrope, Burr ed, Galvanised Burr, Ground Ox-Eye Daisy, Perennial d, Russian Knapweed, Skeleton Wild (Field or Crow) Garlic	All States	8.8 L	600 mL	130 mL	Use a minimum of 1500 L/ha water carrier. Add surfactant. Spray Russian Knapweed at flowering. Spray Angled Onion Weed, Bladder Campion, Ox-Eye Daisy and Patterson's Curse before flowering.
	Thistle, Curse,	ia (Perennial or Canada) Field Bindweed, Patersons Prairie Ground Cherry Ragwort, Mayweed (<i>Fetid chamomile</i>)		4 L	280 mL	60 mL	Spray Wild Garlic during Spring before bulbs start to form and re-spray later if dormant bulbs shoot. Spray prior to flowering.
	Afghan Thistle	Thistle, Artichoke Thistle, Star		1.6 L	100 mL	24 mL	
	(Threed Campid Scotch) Stemles	und, Angled Onion Weed ornered Garlic), Bladder in, Cotton (Woolly or True i Thistle, Docks, Sorrel, ss Thistle, Variegated (or) Thistle		1.2 L	80 mL	18 mL	
	Ilyrian 7 Smart-	Thistle, Parthenium Weed, Need		600 mL	40 mL	10 mL	
	Poverty		SA only		2 L	440 mL	
	Mist Flo	ower	Qld, NT only	12 L	800 mL	180 mL	



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SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE		RATE/ha		CRITICAL COMMENTS	
			Per ha	High vol per 100 L	Per 15 L knapsack		
Non-crop	Blackberry Nightshade	WA only	320-560 mL		5-9 mL	Blackberry Nightshade at seedling stage.	
situations	Creeping Knotweed		1.2-2.4 L		18-36 mL	For Creeping Knotweed apply in early	
– continued	Slender Ice-Plant		320 mL plus 800 mL 2,4- D 500 g/L		6 mL	summer to actively growing plants. For Slender Ice-Plant and Khaki Weed spray when actively growing at young rosette	
	Khaki Weed		600 mL		9 mL	stage. Rubber Vine apply in Autumn during active growth.	
	Rubber Vine		1.4 L		22 mL	daming doubt grown.	
Grass Pastures and Non-Crop	Rubber Vine	Qld, NT only	2.4 L plus 2.5 L of 2,4-D Ester 800 g/L	140-280 mL plus 175 mL 2,4-D Ester 800 g/L	20-40 mL plus 25 mL 2,4-D Ester 800 g/L	Apply during April or May. For application by misting machines add 600 mL OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide to 10 L of water.	
Turf	Catsear, Cudweeds, Pennyworth, Lamb's Tongue, Fleabanes, Fumitory, Wireweed, Chickweed, Cotula, Sorrel, Dock, Clovers, Capeweed, Toad Rush, Peppercress, Dandelion, Medics, Scarlet Pimpernel, Creeping Oxalis, Pearlwort, Trefoil, Yarrow, Bindy-Eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga)	All States	1.2 L plus 3.2 L of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	80 mL plus 200 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	18 mL plus 50 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	Use a minimum of 1000 L/ha water. DO NOT spray on Buffalo Grass, Bent Grass, Lippia or Strawberry Clover. Spray when weeds are young and actively growing.	
	Fat Hen, Red Flowered Mallow, Purple- Top, Stagger Weed, Swine Cress	Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA, WA, NT only					
Woody Species	Moreton Bay Ash (Carbeen), Blue Gum, Bitter Bark, Brisbane Black Wattle	All States	By partial frill or tree injection technique mix 1 part OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide with 12.5 parts of water and apply 2 mL of the mixture to cuts in the softwood at not more than 6 cm spacings around the circumference of the tree.				
	Mimosa (Mimosa pigra)	NT only	2-2.4 L	400 mL	60 mL	Apply to actively growing plants. Preferably apply during wet season. Retreatment may be necessary to control seedling growth (for application see General Instructions).	

ADDITIONAL RESTRAINTS FOR CONSERVATION TILLAGE

- When grass and broadleaf weeds are present, use a mixture of OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide and Glyphosate 450.

 DO NOT disturb treated weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for 1 day after treatment of annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds.

 DO NOT treat weeds heavily covered with dust or silt.

 DO NOT apply if rainfall is likely within 6 hours of application.

- Observe plant back periods listed under General Instructions.

 When applying to dry soil surfaces, at least 15 mm rainfall is required before the plant back period begins.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Seed Bed Salvage, Conservation tillage, Direct Drilling For weed control in fallow, stubble or pasture prior to sowing with a full disturbance implement	Amaranthus (Red Shank), Native Amaranth, Sow Thistle, Volunteer Cereals, Turnip Weed, Wireweed (Hogweed), Medics, Variegated Thistle, Wild Oats, Wild Mustard, Docks, Paterson's Curse	SA, WA,	glyphosate 360 g/L	If excessively wet conditions occur shortly after application or sowing some retardation of crop establishment may occur in certain broadleaf crops.
	Barnyard Grass, Liverseed Grass	NSW, ACT only	at 500-700 mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young
	Apple of Peru, Mintweed, Noogoora Burr, Yellow Vine (Caltrop), Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Barnyard Grass, canary Grass (Annual Phalaris), Thorn Apple, Wild or Prickly Lettuce	Qld, NSW, ACT, NT only		rosette or pre-tillering stage. Use the lower rate when weeds are prior to tillering or seedlings. Increase to the higher rate as weeds reach tillering or are 10-15 cm diameter/high. In grazed
	Annual Ryegrass, Volunteer Field Peas, Tree Hogweed, Capeweed	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only		situations if heavy grazing has occurred allow re-growth to 6-8 cm high before spraying. Visible symptoms of weed
	Barnyard Grass, Liverseed Grass	Qld, NT only	160-240 mL plus Glyphosate 450 g/L at 800 mL-1.2L	control may not be apparent for 10-21 days.
	Sorrel	-, - ,	160-240 mL plus 650-800 mL Glyphosate 450 g/L or 800 mL-1L Glyphosate 360 g/L	



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CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Conservation tillage, Direct Drilling, No –till fallow, minimum tillage and all between cropping applications	Clover	All States	200 mL	Add to glyphosate or SpraySeed* as required (mixtures of SpraySeed plus OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide must not be used in Tas). Follow label recommended rates.
	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Vetch, Docks, tares, Sunflower, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Variegated Thistle	SA only	280 mL	Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage, when they have no more than 8 true leaves.
	Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Docks, Hexham Scent (Melilotus)	WA only		
	New Zealand Spinach	Qld, NSW, ACT, NT only		Spray when most weeds have germinated and are still in the young rosette stage, when they have not more
	Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Wireweed (Hogweed), Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Docks, Fat Hen, Variegted Thistle, Scotch (Cotton or Woolly) Thistle, Sunflowers, Vetch, Tree Hogweed	Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, Vic, NT only		than 8 true leaves.
	Chickweed, Sorrel, Wireweed	WA only	400 mL	
	Common Ice-Plant, Hoary Cress, Sorrel, Saffron Thistle	All States	280 mL plus 640 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	
	Caltrop (Yellow Vine), Datura, Bathurst and Noogoora Burrs, Parthenium Weed, Amaranthus, Mintweed, Annual Gooseberry, Blackberry Nightshade, fat Hen, Sunflower, Seedling Perennial Gooseberry, Seedling Khaki Weed, Bellvine, Cobbler's Pegs, Star Thistle, Black or Spear Thistle, Ilyrian Thistle, Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Smart-Weed (Water Pepper), Stemless Thistle, Horehound and <i>Rumex</i> spp. including Curled and Broadleaf Docks		320-560 mL for seedlings	Apply when weeds have at least 3 to 5 true leaves and are actively growing. DO NOT treat weeds, which are beyond the rosette stage. Use higher rate on large weeds.
	Convovulus, Sida-retusa, Sensitive Plant, Pink Burr, Cleome, Centro, Thickhead, Tar-Vine	Qld, NSW, NT, Vic, Tas, WA only		

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Spray when weeds are young and actively growing, and unless stated otherwise, before the 3-5 true leaf stage.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide is a member of the Benzoic acid group of herbicides. The product has the disruptor of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management the product is a Group I Herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant weeds can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, OzCrop Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.

MIXING

Add the required amount of the product directly to the tank and mix well.

APPI ICATION

For Boom Application: Apply by a properly calibrated boom spray using not less than 50 L of water per ha unless indicated in the Critical Comments column.

For Aerial Application: Apply at least 25 L total spray volume per ha. The aircraft should fly as low as practical under the prevailing conditions to minimize drift.

For High Volume Application: Apply minimum 1500 SL L per ha.

For Knapsack Application: A 15 L knapsack treats 150 m².

MIMOSA CONTROL

Broadacre Application: Apply 2-2.4 L/ha water in 60 L of water per ha. Helicopter application preferred.

High Volume Application: apply 400 mL in 110 L water using ground equipment. Thoroughly wet all leaves and stems of the plant.

Basal Bark Application: Apply 60 mL in 15 L water on plants of less than 5 cm basal diameter. Spray liberally all around the base and 25-40 cm up the stem.

 ${\bf Cut\ Stump\ Application:}$ Apply 60 mL in 15 L water to plants up to 10 cm basal diameter. Cut trees as close to ground level as possible and spray freshly cut surface before the sap dries.

Note: A temporary wilting may be evident in crops after application. If seasonal conditions are late or dry seek further advice before spraying as damage may result from spraying crops under these conditions. Growers should seek advice before spraying crops under these conditions. Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties. Certain maize varieties may develop clubfoot of the prop roots.

PLANT BACK PERIODS for Conservation Tillage

Wait for the following periods before planting the following crops into soils sprayed with the product. If applied to a dry soil, at least 15 mm of rainfall is required before the plantback begins.

Note: If waterlogging occurs shortly after sowing, the product may cause some reduction in crop vigour. Use as directed only in the states indicated.



NSW, ACT, VIC, Tas, SA, WA

	Wheat	Barley	0ats	Triticale	Rye	
200 mL	1	1	1	1	1	
280 mL	7	7	7	7	7	
560 mL	14	14	14	14	14	

NSW, ACT, VIC, Tas, SA, WA

Rate per hectare PLANT BACK PERIOD (days)

	Lupins	Clover/Medics	Mung Beans	Sunflower	Safflower
200 mL	7	7	5	1	14
280 mL	14	14	5	7	21
560 mL	21	21	10	14	28

NSW, ACT,	VIC, Tas	SA, V	VA		
Rate ner h	ectare P	TIALI	RACK	PFRIND	(da

Rate per hectare PLANT BACK PERIOD (days)

	Pigeon Peas	Soybeans	Millet	Cotton	
200 mL	5	5	1	7	
280 mL	5	5	3	7	
560 mL	10	10	7	14	

NSW, ACT, VIC, Tas, SA, WA

Rate per hectare PLANT BACK PERIOD (days)

	Sorghum	Maize	Rapeseed	Field Peas	Chickpeas
200 mL	1	1	7	N.D*	N.D*
280 mL	3	3	10	14	21
560 mL	7	7	14	21	28

^{*}Not determined.

Qld. NT only

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Rate	CROP	PLANT BACK PERIOD
160-240 mL/ha	Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale,	
	Commercial Rye, Sorghum,	
	Maize, Millet, Sunflowers	1 day
	Soybeans, Mung Beans,	
	Pigeon Peas	5 days
	Cotton/Rapeseed	7 days

Note: FOR QLD, NT ONLY: FOR ALL CROPS AND RATES ABOVE 600 mL/HAPLANT BACK PERIOD 21 DAYS. FOLLOWING POTATO HAULM DESTRUCTION IN TAS: FOR RATES AND CROPS NOT INCLUDED ABOVE, A PLANT BACK PERIOD OF 6 WEEKS APPLIES GENERALLY AND 8 WEEKS FOR SEED CROPS.

COMPATIBILITY

OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide is compatible with Flowable Igran*, Glyphosate 450, Glyphosate 360, Metsulfuron Methyl, Chlorsulfuron, 2,4-D amine, 2,4-D ester, Diuron, Molinate, and LVE MCPA. Also compatible with Atrazine, but when used in combination with this product some temporary visible effects in the crop growth may be observed.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Spray equipment must be calibrated accurately prior to working on crops. Keep container sealed (airtight) when not in use. To prevent damage, DO NOT permit drift or vapour mist to come into contact with fruit and ornamental trees, vines, vegetables, flowers, tobacco or any other field crop. Minimise spray drift by using low pressure and nozzles, which DO NOT give a fine droplet size. DO NOT apply this product on or near desirable trees or plants or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. DO NOT use in high wind. All spray equipment must be thoroughly washed out after use and must not be used for spraying horticultural crops. DO NOT use at higher rate than recommended.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT use container for any other purposes. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture container and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. Empty containers and product should not be burnt. For refillable containers, empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing spray, wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, and face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide is available from OzCrop on request. Call Customer Service on (02) 8199 3610.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of OzCrop Dicamba 500 SL Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no warranty expressed or implied is given by OzCrop Pty Ltd, regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and OzCrop Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever from the use of this product.

Safe Work Australia:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog.



OzCrop Pty Ltd ABN 16 160 656 431

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